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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/719,924	1	11/21/2003	Marc M. Baum	51472/DRK/P758	3349	
36067	7590	10/02/2006		· EXAMINER		
DALĪNA I 7910 IVANI		•		KURTZ, BE	NJAMIN M	
LA JOLLA,				ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
				1723		

DATE MAILED: 10/02/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/719,924	BAUM ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Benjamin Kurtz	1723	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address	,
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) M e, cause the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communical ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 A	<u>ugust 2006</u> .		
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa			is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,3-22 and 24 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,3-22 and 24 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.	·	
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 21 November 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☒ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	are: a)⊠ accepted or b) drawing(s) be held in abey tion is required if the drawi	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in rity documents have been u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application 	

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DETAILED ACTION

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Priority

1. Applicant's claim for the benefit of a prior-filed application under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) or under 35 U.S.C. 120, 121, or 365(c) is acknowledged. Applicant has not complied with one or more conditions for receiving the benefit of an earlier filing date under 35 U.S.C. [1] as follows: The Oath/Declaration does not contain a reference to the provisional application 60/428,653 from which priority is claimed.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 14 is objected to because of the following informalities: There appears to be a spelling error in the new addition to claim 14. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102 and 103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 3-13, 22 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over O'Leary et al. US 4 659 459. Regarding claims 1-7, O'Leary (459) discloses a water disinfection system (20)

(fig. 1, col. 6, lines 29-34) that can be used in any water treatment or conditioning system (col. 3, lines 18-21), including a storm water management infrastructure, comprising: a disinfection chemical dispenser (A, B, C) (fig. 1, col. 7, line 65 – col. 8 line 11), and a control unit (64, 50, 62) that controls an amount of disinfection chemical added to the water (fig. 1, col. 6, lines 29-42). A sensor (118) that measures the water characteristics is located in the mixing chamber (90) (fig. 1, col. 8, lines 15-19), another sensor (94) is located upstream of the dispenser (A, B, C) (fig. 1, col. 7, lines 22-23), and another sensor (134) is located downstream of the mixing chamber (90) (fig. 1, col. 8, lines 31-34). The control unit (64, 50, 62) incorporates a feedback protocol that incorporates an array of physical and chemical parameters for disinfecting the water (fig. 1, col. 6, lines 29-42). It is inherent that the disclosed system comprises a power source for the controller, computer, electric valves, etc.

Regarding claims 8-10, O'Leary (459) discloses a communication unit that permits communication between the system (20) and a distant management station through a wired communication unit (modem) where the communication unit provides remote control of the system (20) (col. 6, lines 51-57).

Regarding claims 11-12, O'Leary (459) discloses the system (20) comprises a flow meter (88) and a Ph sensor (94) (fig. 1, col. 7, lines 22-31).

Regarding claims 13, 34 and 47, O'Leary (459) discloses the dispensers (A, B, C) comprise: a chemical storage container (110, 112, 114), a valve (104, 106, 108), and a probe (98, 100, 102) that injects the chemical in to the chamber (90).

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Regarding claims 22 and 24, O'Leary (459) discloses a bypass system comprising a baffle (76) that controls flow of water through the system (20) (fig. 1, col. 6, lines 63-67), and a filtering system (52) that captures sediments prior to the treatment with chemical (fig. 1, col. 8, lines 44-47).

- 4. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over O'Leary (459) in view of Applegate et al. Patent No. 4,280,913. O'Leary (459) discloses a water disinfection system with a control system that can be used in any water treatment or conditioning system (col. 3, lines 18-21) but does not disclose that system being used at a storm drain collection location. Applegate (913) teaches a water purification process that is located in-line at a storm drain (col. 3, line 65). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the system as taught by O'Leary (459) in the place of the process as taught by Applegate (913). O'Leary discloses the system can be used in any water treatment system to purify a stream of water so it would have been obvious to use that system to purify the storm water flow as taught by Applegate (913).
- 5. Claims 15 and 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over O'Leary (459) in view of Koubek Patent No. 4,012,321. O'Leary (459) discloses the system (20) but does not disclose what chemicals are stored in the tanks (110, 112, 114) or a UV source. Koubek (321) teaches a water disinfection method including using a disinfecting peroxide solution and a UV radiation source (28) illuminating the mixture stream downstream of the mixing chamber (23) (fig. 1, col. 5, lines 29-35). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was

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made to modify the system of O'Leary (459) with the teachings of Koubek (321). The irradiation and OH kill all of the bacteria, virus, and germs carried by the waste stream (col. 5, lines 38-40).

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- 6. Claims 14 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over O'Leary (459) in view of Iverson et al. Patent Pub. No. 2002/0014463. O'Leary (459) discloses the claimed invention but does not disclose the chemical dispenser storing precursor chemicals or the disinfecting chemical being chlorine dioxide. Iverson (463) teaches a method for cleaning a water distribution system comprising: chemical storage containers (26, 28) storing precursor chemicals (paragraph [0012]), and the disinfecting chemical is chlorine dioxide (paragraph [0002]) generated in the system prior to use. It would have been obvious to modify the system as taught by O'Leary (459) with the teachings of Iverson (463). Mixing the two precursors together inhibits and/or removes bacterial fouling and/or eliminates microorganisms (paragraph [0002]).
- 7. Claims 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over O'Leary (459) in view of Koubek (321) and further in view of Cox Patent No. 5,700,377. O'Leary (459) in view of Koubek (321) disclose the claimed system utilizing a chemical additive to disinfect a water stream with a UV radiation source downstream of the mixing of the chemical and the water but does not teach that the disinfecting chemical comprises a solution of a persulfate salt. Cox (377) teaches a chemical composition containing a persulfate salt and ammonium chloride for the treatment of water (col. 3, lines 20-24). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the persulfate as taught by Cox (377).

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The potassium persulfate and the ammonium chloride are effective in disinfecting water to be purified and in eradicating algae and bacteria (col. 5, lines 43-46).

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 2-13, 22 and 24 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

O'Leary teaches a system for treating water having a disinfecting chemical dispenser, that is configured to add disinfection chemical into water flowing through the system, having a sensor configured to measure the water characteristics attributable to water flowing through the system and having a control unit that controls an amount of disinfection chemical added to the water. O'Leary teaches the system may be used in any water treatment or conditioning system which would include treating water flowing through a storm water management infrastructure thereby anticipating or in the alternative rendering obvious claim 1.

Regarding claim 21 O'Leary teaches the measurement of chemicals is based on the characteristics (i.e. conductivity) of the water (col. 10, lines 46-61).

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Benjamin Kurtz whose telephone number is 571-272-8211. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:00am to 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda Walker can be reached on 571-272-1151. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Bk 9/20/2006

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